2000-2001 BUDGET

Highlights

Highlights of the Budget Speech delivered before the National Assembly by Bernard Landry, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of State for the Economy and Finance, on March 14, 2000.



Message from the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of State for the Economy and Finance

In recent months, Québec has experienced remarkable economic, financial and social success. Therefore, we are now in a position to table a Budget based on hope and pride, a budget resolutely geared to the future.

Never, in all my life, have I seen such a strong economy in Québec, whether judged in terms of its results or its structure. We chose the right strategies to meet the challenges facing us in building a modern Québec and undertaking a technology conversion. Even if we have still not achieved all our objectives, we have reason to be pleased with the results obtained.

This Budget proposes that we go yet further on the path of progress and prosperity. The overriding theme of this Budget is growth, but growth with justice and fairness for all. Its central concerns are taxation, health, young people and the economy, particularly the regional economy.

Quebecers are the main architects of their renewed prosperity, and in all fairness, they deserve to be the first to profit from it. This, I believe, is what this Budget achieves.

Bernard Landry

IN BRIEF

Personal income tax reduction of \$4.5 billion over the next three years: \$1 billion in 2000-2001: \$1.5 billion in 2001-2002; \$2 billion in 2002-2003. Full indexation of the tax system. \$2.7 billion for health. Commitments made at the Sommet du Québec et de la jeunesse more than satisfied. \$675 million for economic development spending initiatives.

\$430 million for municipalities.

I. OUTSTANDING ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

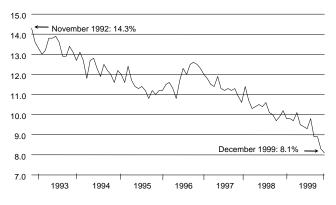
- Economic growth in 1999: 3.7%, while the most optimistic forecasts were 2.6%.
- Jobs created: 76 000 in 1999, the best performance since 1987, for the second year in a row.
- Jobs created for young people aged 15 to 24: 28 000, or 37% of all jobs created, even though this age group represents only 16 % of the population.
- Number of persons dependent on income security benefits: a decline of 40 000 in 12 months.
- Growth assumption: 3.3% in 2000, twice as high as the average rate recorded for the past 10 years.

GROWTH OF ECONOMIC INDICATORS

	199	2000	
	Forecast	Actual	Forecast
Gross domestic product	2.1%	3.7%	3.3%
Employment	54 000	76 000	70 000

- Unemployment rate: 8.1% in December 1999, the lowest rate since the 1976 Olympic Games.
- ☐ Unemployment rate in Montréal: 6.7% in December 1999, or less than the Canadian average for the first time since 1984.

CHANGE IN THE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (as a percentage)

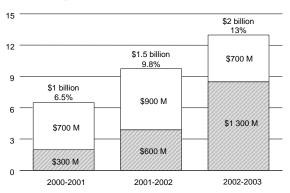


Seasonally adjusted monthly data.

II. A \$4.5-BILLION INCOME TAX REDUCTION

- Personal income tax is cut by \$1 billion in 2000-2001, \$1.5 billion in 2001-2002 and \$2 billion in 2002-2003.
- ☐ Full indexation of the tax system.

PERSONAL INCOME TAX REDUCTION (as a percentage of total income tax)

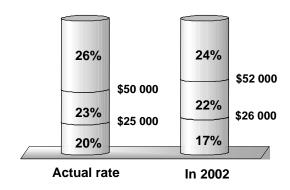


Shaded area: reduction announced in the 1999-2000 Budget Speech. Unshaded area: additional reduction.

Details of the income tax reduction

- Progressive reduction of the tax table rates by January 1, 2002.
- Additional income tax reduction for families.
- ☐ Full indexation of the tax system.
- ☐ Improvement of the tax system for self-employed workers.

NEW TAX TABLE



A reduction geared to families and the middle class

All taxpayers benefit from the income tax reduction: average tax cut of 13% for the 2.4 million households that pay income tax. The middle class and families will benefit even more than others.

EXAMPLES OF INCOME TAX REDUCTIONS

	Income	Reduc	tion
Person living alone	\$30 000	16%	\$673
Single-parent family with one child	\$30 000	32%	\$715
Childless couple with one income	\$45 000	12%	\$663
Couple with two children and one income	\$45 000	27%	\$1 133
Couple with two children and two incomes	\$50 000	34%	\$1 733
Couple with two children and two incomes	\$100 000	11%	\$1 803

III. \$2.7 BILLION FOR HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES

Greater funding for the network

- \$862 million has been earmarked for network institutions to enable them to balance their budgets.
- \$877 million will serve to finance the cost increases required to maintain existing public services.

Increase and develop services

\$747 million will be used to increase public services and to develop new ones. Of this total, \$21 million will be devoted to youth services.

Acquisition of new equipment

An additional \$200 million will be invested for purchasing equipment.

IV. INVESTING MORE IN YOUNG PEOPLE AND IN EDUCATION

Promoting quality education

The educ	cation	network	will	receive	subs	tantial	additio	onal
funding:	\$200	million	in	2000-200	01,	\$300 m	illion	the
following	year a	and \$500	mill	ion per y	ear th	nereafte	er.	

\$100 million is	earm	narked f	for u	ınive	rsities,	\$40 million	for
school boards	and	\$10 mil	llion	for	Cegeps	beginning	in
1999-2000							

\$24 million	has	been	earm	arked	for	moderniz	zing	the
hospital run	by th	ne facu	Ity of	veterin	ary	medicine	in S	aint-
Hyacinthe.								

Promoting excellence

\$24 million will be allocated over the next three years to increase the bursaries granted to master's, doctoral and post-doctoral students by 40%.

- The non-taxable portion of bursaries will be raised from \$500 to \$3,000. In addition, scholarships granted to university students will be tax-free.
- 2 000 top-level athletes will receive a tax credit of between \$1 000 and \$4 000.
- \$10 million per year will be granted to encourage involvement in amateur sports.

Promoting initiative

- A \$240-million Youth Fund will be created in partnership. The government will inject \$120 million into the Fund this year.
- \$95 million has been set aside for measures to help young people.
- The government and the Fonds de solidarité des travailleurs du Québec (FSTQ) will each grant \$10 million to finance more student internships.

Other measures

- \$120 million will be granted to *Valorisation-Recherche Québec* to support projects carried out by teams of Québec researchers.
- \$40 million will be provided over the next three years to support research teams.
- The Fonds de lutte contre la pauvreté will be maintained and will receive \$160 million over the next three years.

V. SUPPORTING THE TRANSFORMATION OF THE ECONOMY TO CREATE YET MORE JOBS

Increasing private investment

- ☐ Enterprises will be able to take advantage of a full tax holiday for 10 years for all major investment projects. This exemption will cover income tax, tax on capital and the contribution to the Health Services Fund.
- This measure should generate investments of \$5 billion over the next five years and create 16 000 jobs.
- ☐ The 125% accelerated depreciation and the two-year capital tax holiday for manufacturing investments and computer equipment will be extended until March 31, 2005.

- Several other measures will support investment in Ouébec:
 - improvement of the budget package for the PIJCPF;
 - improvement of the Garantie-PME program;
 - revision of the immigrant investor program;
 - financial support for the restructuring of subcontracting, particularly in the aerospace industry;
 - property tax exemption for all industrial anti-pollution equipment.

E-commerce, a promising sector

- □ 10 000 SMEs should be able to benefit from a tax credit equal to 40% of the expenses incurred to develop a transactional web site. A sum of \$126 million will be made available for this purpose over the next three years.
- Investments in fibre optics in regions that are poorly served in this regard will be granted an accelerated depreciation of 125%. A sum of \$15 million will be allocated for this purpose.

2000-2001 Budget A budget of \$120 million has been earmarked for the next three years to allow close to 200 000 families that are eligible for family allowances to hook up to the Internet. Québec infrastructure program \$290 million will be allocated to an infrastructure program: \$175 million for municipal projects, \$25 million for environmental projects and \$90 million for transportation projects. \$5 million will be devoted to linking Mont-Saint-Hilaire to Montréal by a commuter train. Other measures A program to help the victims of pyrite damage, particularly less affluent households, will be introduced.

\$2 million will be used to provide SMEs with additional

assistance for developing francization programs, and

language classes for immigrants in the workplace.

VI. \$310 MILLION FOR REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Help for certain specific regions

Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine : this region will receive an additional \$26 million, i.e. \$9 million for road work, \$12 million for tourism infrastructures and \$5 million for job creation in the forestry industry.
Maritime policy : the minimum size of boats providing entitlement to the tax credit will be reduced by half.
Mining exploration : \$5 million will be used to create a program to support junior exploration companies. And \$5 million will serve to add a component to the mining exploration assistance program targeting the Abitibi-Témiscamingue region.
Sorel and Tracy : this population centre will receive a budget of \$21 million over the next three years to promote the implementation of projects developed locally.

2000-2001 Budget "Aluminum Valley": aluminum processing firms that locate in the Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean region will receive a tax credit equal to 40% of the salaries of employees engaged in production and marketing during the year following their recruitment. Assistance for the forestry industry \$100 million will be granted to INNO-PAP to support the modernization of the pulp and paper industry. Assistance for rural areas \$3 million will be used to renew the program for rural officers, the program to support traditional farm products and the program to finance Solidarité rurale du Québec.

The government has made a commitment to devote \$300 million a year to funding financial instruments

specific to the farming sector.

Other regional investments

- \$25 million will be used to finance the extension of the gas network in order to service industrial parks and farming enterprises.
- Small businesses will be able to take advantage of a loan guarantee program for start-ups. The government will cover 80% of losses incurred up to \$100 000.
- \$30 million will be allocated to the *Société des établissements de plein air du Québec* to make investments over the next three years.

VII. ENHANCED SUPPORT FOR CULTURE

Book publishing : a tax credit for certain labour costs will come into effect as of today.
Institutions and museums : \$29.5 million will be allocated to these institutions this year.
Cultural facilities : \$30 million will be invested to support these facilities and to restore cultural property.
TV5 television station : \$8 million will serve to support the development of this station.
Architectural heritage : \$43 million will be used to renovate the Séminaire de Nicolet and \$18 million to renovate the Institut de tourisme et d'hôtellerie.
Religious heritage : an additional \$20 million will be injected into the program to preserve Québec's religious heritage.

VIII. \$430 MILLION FOR MUNICIPALITIES

	The municipal contribution introduced in 1998 will be abolished.
	In return, the government will keep the proceeds from the tax on telecommunications, natural gas and electricity (TGE) and will assume responsibility for equalization and assistance to RCMs and main cities, which, until now, have been funded by the TGE tax.
ū	\$155 million will be allocated to municipalities to facilitate the transition to the new system and to implement the action plan to strengthen urban areas and RCMs.
	In all, including the \$175 million for municipal infrastructures, municipalities will receive an additional \$430 million in their fiscal years 2000, 2001 and 2002.